## Codford St. Mary's Churchyard Graves



## **NEAL McCOURT**

**LOUTH RIFLES** 

14TH JULY, 1876 Age 25

## **Neal McCourt**

Neal McCourt was baptised on 12<sup>th</sup> April, 1849 at Seatown, Dundalk, Ireland to parents Peter & Catherine McCourt (nee O'Neil/O'Neill). He was baptised Roman Catholic & his sponsor/godparent was Judith McCourt.

Parents Peter McCourt had married Catherine O'Neil on 5<sup>th</sup> June, 1845. Witnesses for the marriage were Alice O'Neil & Joseph Connelly. Peter & Catherine McCourt had the following children – Mary (baptised 21<sup>st</sup> August, 1846), then Neal, Bridget (baptised 19<sup>th</sup> August, 1851), Patrick (baptised 18<sup>th</sup> March, 1854), Alice (baptised 10<sup>th</sup> June, 1856), Catherine (Baptised 11<sup>th</sup> October, 1859) & Felix (baptised 25<sup>th</sup> April, 1863).

Neal McCourt, from Seatown, Dundalk, Ireland, enrolled with the Louth Rifles at Dundalk on 24<sup>th</sup> December, 1872. His occupation was listed as "Railway Cleaner", his age as 21 & he was five feet six inches tall. He was given the number of 3297.

As a new recruit in a militia regiment, Neal McCourt was required to undertake three months initial training. The training commenced on Monday 3<sup>rd</sup> May, 1873 at Dundalk (Ref: Dundalk Herald 3<sup>rd</sup> May, 1873). The Louth Militia recruited its members from neighbouring counties as well as County Louth. After undergoing one month's training, the men were allowed weekend leave. Training continued for the further two months, when the trainees were joined by the part-time soldiers of the Louth Rifles for a further month's training at Drogheda before being dismissed.

In Mid July, 1874, the full regiment was assembled at Drogheda for annual training. The final inspection of the regiment, which consisted of approximately 600 men, took place on 10<sup>th</sup> August, 1874. Despite the heavy rain, the final inspection attracted crowds of locals, however afterwards, numerous brawls involving the soldiers, brought on by alcohol & two Court Martials occurred. (Ref: Dundalk Herald 15<sup>th</sup> August, 1874).

Twenty eight days annual training again occurred in Drogheda from Monday 26<sup>th</sup> July, 1875.

In 1876, for the first time in British Military history, a tentative scheme of mobilisation occurred. The intention was that the whole available military force of the United Kingdom, including the Regular Army and Militia should be formed into eight army corps. Two of these Corps, the 2<sup>nd</sup> & 5<sup>th</sup>, which included the Louth Rifles, were mobilised in the summer of 1876. (Ref: Brendan Hall & Donal Hall, The Louth Rifles 1877-1908). The Regiment, under the command of Colonel Sir John Robinson, departed Dundalk for England on 10<sup>th</sup> July, 1876, by train. From Kingstown, the Regiment travelled on board HMS *Crocodile*, an iron screw troopship, along with the Wexford & Longford Militias, to Portsmouth. The Regimental Digest reports that despite the weather being fair, there was much sea-sickness on board. They arrived at Portsmouth on 12<sup>th</sup> July, disembarked the following day and travelled by rail to Wylye, ten miles from Salisbury where the main military exercises were to take place. The men arrived at their camp at 2 p.m. but there was such disarray surrounding the cooking arrangements that they did not get fed until 9 p.m. that night, after only having had one cup of coffee all day.

On the 14<sup>th</sup> July, 1876, the men were paraded at 6.30 a.m. but training later in the day was abandoned because of the heat. Unusually the Regimental Digest makes several references on the conditions & referring to the high heat. For one soldier the conditions proved fatal. Rifleman Neal McCourt died at Steeple Langford, about three miles from Codford, on the 14th July, 1876 from sunstroke. A local sexton looked after the arrangements for his burial in the churchyard of the Parish Church of Saint Mary, Codford. One Dundalk paper noted the death in passing, but said he had been ill prior to departure to England, although there is no note of this on his Death Certificate. The fact that a headstone was erected to mark his passing is unusual for this time.

A death was registered for Neal McCourt, aged 25, in the September quarter 1876, in the district of Wilton, Wiltshire.

With special thanks to Brendan Hall for information provided "1855 The Louth Rifles by Brendan Hall" & Alan Hand – Reference Library – Louth County Library.

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Photo of Rifleman Neal McCourt's Headstone located in St. Mary's Churchyard, Codford, Wiltshire. Rifleman Neal McCourt is buried next to Private William Cooper who died 27<sup>th</sup> September, 1914 after an epileptic fit while on parade. Both soldiers have headstones that were erected by the men of their Battalions.



St. Mary's Churchyard, Codford, Wiltshire



(Photos by Andrea Charlesworth)